## IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend the claims as follows:

- 1. (Currently Amended): A transflective liquid crystal display device, comprising:
  - a substrate having a reflective portion and a transmissive portion;
  - a gate line on the substrate;
  - a data line crossing the gate line and defining a pixel region;
  - a thin film transistor connected to the gate line and the data line;
- a plurality of uneven patterns consisting of a first organic material layer within the reflective portion, the uneven patterns partially covering the substrate;
- a second organic material layer on the first organic material layer, the second organic material layer having an open portion at the transmissive portion;
- a reflective layer on the second organic material layer having a transmissive hole at the open portion, the reflective layer substantially not overlapping the thin film transistor;
  - a pixel electrode on the reflective layer;
  - an opposing substrate facing the substrate; and
- a common electrode on an inner surface of the opposing substrate, the common electrode being substantially flat.
- 2. (Original): The device according to claim 1, wherein the first and second organic material layers are formed from a photosensitive material.

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3. (Original): The device according to claim 2, wherein the photosensitive material comprises a

photo-acrylic resin.

4. (Original): The device according to claim 1, further comprising an inorganic material layer

covering the gate line, the data line, and the thin film transistor.

5. (Original): The device according to claim 4, wherein the inorganic material layer is formed of

one of silicon nitride and silicon oxide.

6. (Canceled).

7. (Original): The device according to claim 1, wherein the thin film transistor comprises a gate

electrode, an active layer, and source and drain electrodes.

8. (Original): The device according to claim 7, further comprising a gate pad connected to the

gate line, a data pad connected to the data line, and a capacitor electrode overlapping the gate

line.

9. (Original): The device according to claim 8, wherein the second organic material layer has a

drain contact hole exposing the drain electrode, a capacitor contact hole exposing the capacitor

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electrode, a gate pad contact hole exposing the gate pad, and a data pad contact hole exposing the data pad.

10. (Currently Amended): A transflective liquid crystal display device, comprising:

first and second substrates facing into and spaced apart from each other, the first and second substrates having a reflective portion and a transmissive portion;

- a gate line on an inner surface of the first substrate;
- a data line crossing the gate line and defining a pixel region;
- a thin film transistor connected to the gate line and the data line;
- a first organic material layer in the pixel region, the first organic material layer having a plurality of uneven patterns at the reflective portion;
- a second organic material layer on the first organic material layer, the second organic material layer having an open portion at the transmissive portion;
- a reflective layer on the second organic material layer having a transmissive hole corresponding to the open portion, the reflective layer substantially not overlapping the thin film transistor;
  - a pixel electrode on the reflective layer;
- a common electrode on an inner surface of the second substrate, the common electrode being substantially flat; and
  - a liquid crystal layer between the pixel electrode and the common electrode,
  - wherein the pixel electrode and the common electrode are separated by a first cell gap in

the transmissive portion, and a second cell gap in the reflective portion, and the first cell gap is twice greater than the second cell gap.

- 11. (Previously Presented): The device according to claim 10, wherein the uneven patterns have a height equal to or less than the second cell gap.
- 12. (Currently Amended): A method of fabricating a transflective liquid crystal display device, comprising:

forming a gate line on a substrate having a reflective portion and a transmissive portion; forming a data line crossing the gate line and defining a pixel region;

forming a thin film transistor connected to the gate line and the data line;

forming a first photosensitive organic material layer on the substrate;

forming a plurality of uneven patterns consisting of a first organic layer within the reflective portion by performing an exposure and development process on the first photosensitive organic material layer, the uneven patterns partially covering the substrate;

forming a second photosensitive organic material layer on the substrate including the first organic material layer;

forming a second organic material layer having an open portion corresponding to the transmissive portion by performing an exposure and development process on the second photosensitive organic material layer;

forming a reflective layer on the second photosensitive organic material layer having a

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transmissive hole corresponding to the open portion, the reflective layer substantially not overlapping the thin film transistor;

forming a pixel electrode on the reflective layer; and

forming a common electrode on an opposing substrate facing the substrate, wherein the common electrode is substantially flat.

13. (Original): The method according to claim 12, wherein the first and second photosensitive

material layers are formed of a photo-acrylic resin.

14. (Original): The method according to claim 12, further comprising forming an inorganic

material layer covering the gate line, the data line, and the thin film transistor.

15. (Original): The method according to claim 14, wherein the inorganic material layer is formed

of one of silicon nitride and silicon oxide.

16. (Canceled).

17. (Original): The method according to claim 12, further comprising forming a gate pad

connected to the gate line, a data pad connected to the data line, and a capacitor electrode

overlapping the gate line.

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18. (Original): The method according to claim 17, wherein the second organic material layer

comprises a drain contact hole exposing the drain electrode, a capacitor contact hole exposing the

capacitor electrode, a gate pad contact hole exposing the gate pad, and a data pad contact hole

exposing the data pad.

19. (Currently Amended): A method of fabricating a transflective liquid crystal display device,

comprising:

forming a gate line on a first substrate having a reflective portion and a transmissive

portion;

forming a data line crossing the gate line and defining a pixel region;

forming a thin film transistor connected to the gate line and the data line;

forming a first photosensitive organic material layer on the first substrate;

forming a first organic material layer having a plurality of uneven patterns at the

reflective portion by performing an exposure and development process on the first photosensitive

organic material layer;

forming a second photosensitive organic material layer on the first substrate having the

first organic material layer;

forming a second organic material layer having an open portion corresponding to the

transmissive portion by performing an exposure and development process on the second

photosensitive organic material layer;

forming a reflective layer on the second organic material layer having a transmissive hole

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corresponding to the open portion, the reflective layer substantially not overlapping the thin film transistor;

forming a pixel electrode on the reflective layer;

forming a common electrode on a second substrate, wherein the common electrode is substantially flat;

attaching the first and second substrates to each other; and

forming a liquid crystal layer between the pixel electrode and the common electrode,

wherein the pixel electrode and the common electrode are separated by a first cell gap in the transmissive portion and a second cell gap in the reflective portion, and the first cell gap is

20. (Original): The method according to claim 19, wherein the plurality of uneven patterns are formed to have a height equal to or less than the second cell gap.

21. (Currently Amended): A transflective liquid crystal display device, comprising:

a substrate having a reflective portion and a transmissive portion;

a gate line on the substrate;

twice greater than the second cell gap.

a data line crossing the gate line and defining a pixel region;

a thin film transistor connected to the gate line and the data line;

an inorganic material layer covering the entire surface of the substrate including the gate line, the data line, and the thin film transistor;

a plurality of uneven patterns covering portions of the inorganic material layer within the

reflective portion excluding a peripheral portion of the pixel region, the uneven patterns

consisting of a first organic material;

a second organic material layer covering the first organic material layer and the uncovered

portions of the inorganic material layer, the second organic material layer having an open portion

at the transmissive portion; and

a reflective layer on the second organic material layer having a transmissive hole at the

open portion, the reflective layer substantially not overlapping the thin film transistor;

a pixel electrode on the reflective layer;

an opposing substrate facing the substrate; and

a common electrode on an inner surface of the opposing substrate, the common electrode

being substantially flat.